

**College of Maritime Engineering, and Biological, Oceanical and
Natural Resource Sciences**

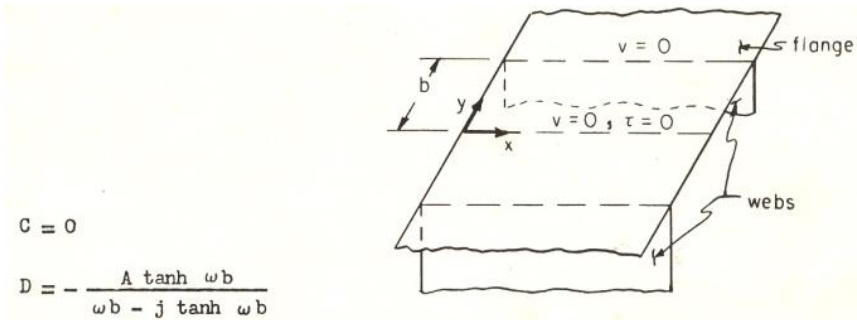
Ship Structures I

2nd Evaluation

February/13/2017

Student:

1.- For case III analyzed by Prof. Schade, plate welded to multiple webs, *considering only one term of the series expansion*, what is the effectiveness of the plate welded to the stiffeners? Consider the following geometry $b: 0.40$ and $L: 1.8$ m, stiffeners: $H \times t: 10 \times 8$ cm, and that the material is steel.



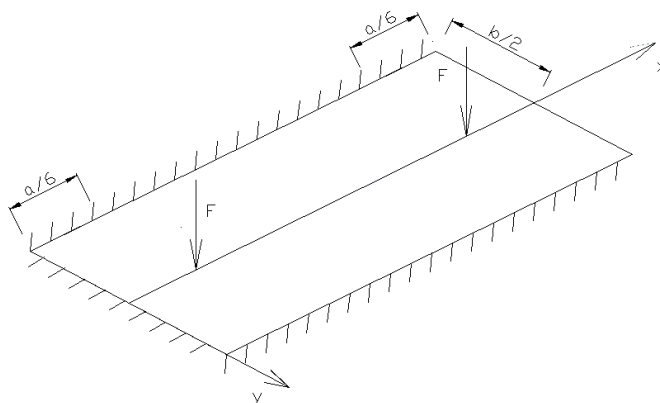
The plane stress solution is: $F(x, y) = \{ (A_n + C_n \omega y) \cosh \omega y + (jC_n + D_n \omega y) \sinh \omega y \} \sin \omega x$,

where: F is the Airy stress function, $\omega = n\pi/L$, and, $j = \frac{(1-\nu)}{(1+\nu)}$. (30)

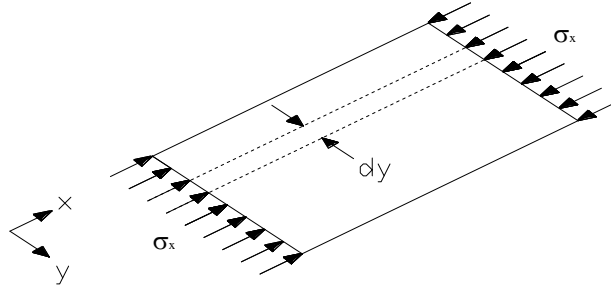
2.- Consider an steel plate clamped on all its edges with main dimensions: 2.0×1.0 m, and 8 mm in thickness. When the plate supports a uniform pressure of $+1 \text{ kg/m}^2$ downwards, applying Timoshenko's method, the following equations must be solved for the moments on the edges (in both sides of the equation, the term D for the bending stiffness of the plate was cancelled):

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0.1238 & 0.1623 \\ 0.3512 & 0.04297 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} M_I \\ N_I \end{Bmatrix} = - \begin{Bmatrix} 0.0197 \\ 0.0326 \end{Bmatrix} \text{ [kg-m]}$$

Now, the load is replaced by a couple of concentrated loads F , at positions $a/6$ from the ends. Determine the maximum forces F , that may be applied on the plate with a safety factor of 1.5 on the yield stress of the material of the plate. For any series, use one term for its expansion. (45)



3.- Consider steel plate simply supported on all its edges, with compressive stress in the y-edges as shown in the figure. If the load reaches its critical value, determine and plot the final shape of the plate in the x-y plane, if the final amplitude of the buckled plate W is 2 cm. Consider the following values: a : 60 cm, b : 120 cm, and t : 5 mm. (25)



Useful relations:

Simply supported plate with sinusoidal distribution of moment along x-edges, with: $\alpha_m = m\pi b / (2a)$:

$$w_I(x, y) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \frac{a^2 M_m}{2\pi^2 m^2 D \cosh \alpha_m} \operatorname{sen} \frac{m\pi x}{a} \left(\alpha_m \tanh \alpha_m \cosh \frac{m\pi y}{a} - \frac{m\pi y}{a} \operatorname{senh} \frac{m\pi y}{a} \right)$$

For the analysis of Plate buckling:

$$\frac{dU}{dA} = \frac{D}{2} \left\{ \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} \right)^2 - 2(1-\nu) \left[\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x^2} \frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial y^2} - \left(\frac{\partial^2 w}{\partial x \partial y} \right)^2 \right] \right\}, \quad \frac{dW_e}{dx} = \frac{1}{2} \sigma t \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right)^2$$

Jrml/2017

I certify that during this examination I have complied with the *Code of Ethics of ESPOL*:

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